Republic of Iraq

Ministry of Higher Education & Scientific Research

Supervision and Scientific Evaluation Directorate

Quality Assurance and Academic Accreditation

International Accreditation Dept.

Academic Program Specification Form For The Academic Year 2016-2017

University: University of Technology

College : Building & Construction Engineering Department

Number Of Departments In The College :Sanitary & Environmental Engineering Branch

 Date Of Form Completion : June 2017

#

Dean ’s Name

Date : / / 2017

Signature

Dean ’s Assistant For Scientific Affairs

Date : / / 2017

Signature

The College Quality Assurance And University Performance Manager

Date : / / 2017

Signature

Quality Assurance And University Performance Manager

Date : / / 2017

Signature

  **TEMPLATE FOR PROGRAMME SPECIFICATION**

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| HIGHER EDUCATION PERFORMANCE REVIEW: PROGRAMME REVIEW |

**PROGRAMME SPECIFICATION**

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| This Programme Specification provides a concise summary of the main features of the programme and the learning outcomes that a typical student might reasonably be expected to achieve and demonstrate if he/she takes full advantage of the learning opportunities that are provided. It is supported by a specification for each course that contributes to the programme. |

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| University of Technology | 1. Teaching Institution |
| Building & Construction Engineering Department | 2. University Department/Centre |
| Sanitary & Environmental Engineering Branch | 3. Programme Title |
| Bachelor of Science in Building & Construction Engineering \ Sanitary & Environmental Engineering  | 4. Title of Final Award |
| Yearly | 5. Modes of Attendance offered |
| ABET | 6. Accreditation |
| None | 7. Other external influences |
| June 2017 | 8. Date of production/revision of this specification |
| 9. Aims of the Programme |
| 1. Ability to excise and applied engineering sciences & computer & natural sciences in the fields of building & construction engineering & Sanitary & Environmental Engineering.
 |
| 1. Ability to use engineering technique in engineering planning & projects managements, development of natural sciences and solving engineering problems by limited cost.
 |
| 1. Readiness to holding civil & environmental engineering positions by them scientific background fullness of water treatment, industrial waste treatment, water & sanitary & storm systems design, design of hydraulic structures, plumbing & building services design, surface & ground water & air pollution control, solid waste management, radio-active pollution and its harmful impacts control, and in addition to design of various types of concrete & steel structures, foundations, soil analysis & investigation, engineering survey, remote sensing techniques & etc.
 |
| 1. Ability to proceeding higher graduation & preparing scientific researches in civil & environmental engineering field, and competition of counterparts from similar universities.
 |
| 1. Ability to take responsibility with professionalism high sense optimized with social system in ethics, environment, economic, systems, & global legislations.
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| 1. Ability to extending corporation bridges & building relationship with universities & research centers that concern with civil & environmental engineering.
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| 1. Ability to transfer and employ civil & environmental engineering concepts in industry & social services through knowledge & development technology transfer.
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| 10. Learning Outcomes, Teaching, Learning and Assessment Methods  |
| 1. Knowledge and Understanding

A1- Preparation of practical engineers in the field of building & construction engineering & sanitary and environmental engineering who are characterized by a high level of knowledge and technological innovation, and work in with internationally approved discreet standards of quality assurance and academic accreditation of corresponding engineering programs with a commitment to ethics of engineering career.A2-Enable students to learn and understand design of concrete & steel structures, concepts of building materials, construction methods, fundamentals of soil mechanic & foundations, survey engineering & remote sensing, projects managements, and them computer applications.A3- Enable students to learn and understand types of water, air and soil pollutants and control, preparing design of them treatment systems, conveying and disposal, environmental impact assessment of human activities in according to principal of sustainability, and computer applications related to them.A4- Enable the student to learn and understand the practical experiments used in water quality tests, quality control of building materials, soil investigations, and treatment units performance tests. |
| B. Subject-specific skillsB1- Discussion and dialogue.B2- Brain storming by encouraging students to produce a large number of ideas about some issue or problem raised during the lecture.B3- Self-learning by teaching the student by his own according to his special abilities and mental and cognitive levels responding to his preferences and interests to achieve development and integration of his capabilities.B4- Cooperative learning by team working and Competitive learning by creating a competition among peers. |
|  Teaching and Learning Methods  |
| Theoretical lectures, practical laboratory experiments, discussion and dialogue, brain storming, examples and questions used to achieve the goals. |
|  Assessment methods |
| Daily exams, quizzes, documented examinations, quarterly exams, final exams, oral questions and discussions during the lectures, and home works. |
|  C. Thinking SkillsC1- Data collection and analysisC2- Methods of decision makingC3- Solving problems & group’s leadership in the field of work.C4- Cooperative learning & Competitive learning. |
|  Teaching and Learning Methods |
| 1. Using the teaching staff member ability and experience in delivering the scientific material to the student.2. Assigning students to prepare reports on a particular subject and thus motivate students to learn the initial principles of scientific research.3. Assigning students to conduct laboratory experiments by their own after a simple explanation about the experiment procedures given by the lecturer, and thus a chance is available to the student to conclude and analyze the experiment results. 4. Adoption of the issue of scientific trips to various engineering projects for students as these trips will contribute to the expansion in the perceptions of students and the recognition of the work field. |
|  Assessment methods |
| Daily exams, quizzes, documented examinations, quarterly exams, final exams, oral questions and discussions during the lectures, and home works. |

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|  D. General and Transferable Skills (other skills relevant to employability and personal development)D1- Increase communication between individuals, which contributes to building of a learning community.D2- Development of the various emotional aspects such as nosiness and positive trend towards learning and social moral and independence in learning and self-confidence.D3- Developing the skill aspects among students & Learning to identify the correct priorities for any problem.D4- Development the spirit of fair competition between working groups in order to achieve work quality, excellence and diversity in performance. |
| 12. Awards and Credits  | 11. Programme Structure  |
| Credithours | Course or Module Title | Course orModuleCode | Level/Year |
| Bachelor DegreeRequires ( x ) credits | 3 | Mathematics 1  | B.E 1201 | First Year/First Semester |
| 3 | Eng. Mechanics 1 | B.E 1203 |
| 160 | 1 | physics | B.E 1206 |
| 2 | Engineering Drawing 1 | B.E 1207 |
| 1 | Engineering Geology 1 | B.E 1209 |
| 3 | Building Materials Technology 1 | B.E 1211 |
|  | 2 | Fundamental of Computer Science | B.E 1101 |
|  | 1 | Public Freedom and Democracy  | B.E 1102 |
|  | 1 | Arabic Language | B.E 1106 |
|  | 2 | Workshops 1 | B.E 1104 |
|  | 3 | Mathematics (2) | B.E 1202 | First Year/Second Semester |
|  | 3 | Eng. Mechanics -2 | B.E 1204 |
|  | 2 | Chemistry | B.E 1205 |
|  | 3 | Building Materials Technology 2 | B.E 1212 |
|  | 1 | Civil Eng. Fundamentals | B.E 1213 |
|  | 2 | Engineering Drawing 2 | B.E 1208 |
|  | 1 | Engineering Geology 2 | B.E 1210 |
|  | 1 | Human Rights | B.E 1103 |
|  | 2 | English Language | B.E 1107 |
|  | 2 | Workshops 2 | B.E 1105 |
|  | 3 | Mathematics (3) | B.E 2214 | Second Year/ First Semester |
|  | 3 | Engineering Surveying (1) | B.E 2216 |
|  | 3 | Concrete Technology (1) | B.E 2218 |
|  | 3 | Strength of Materials (1) | B.E 2220 |
|  | 3 | Fluid Mechanics (1) | B.E 2222 |
|  | 2 | Computer Aided Eng. Drawing | B.E 2224 |
|  | 3 | Building Construction (1) | B.E 2227 |
|  | 2 | English Technical Language | B.E 2108 |
|  | 3 | Mathematics (4) | B.E 2215 | Second Year/ Second Semester |
|  | 3 | Engineering Surveying 2 | B.E 2217 |
|  | 3 | Concrete Technology 2 | B.E 2219 |
|  | 3 | Strength of Materials 2 | B.E 2221 |
|  | 3 | Fluid Mechanics 2 | B.E 2223 |
|  | 2 | Computer Programming  | B.E 2225 |
|  | 2 | Construction of Sanitary Structures  | B.E 2315 |
|  | 2 | Engineering Statistics | B.E 2226 |
|  | 3 | Soil Mechanics (1) | B.E 3228 | Third Year/ First Semester |
|  | 2 | Building Services (1) | B.E 3238 |
|  | 2 | Engineering Analysis  | B.E 3231 |
|  | 2 | Theory of Structures (1) | B.E 3233 |
|  | 2 | Reinforced Concrete Design (1) | B.E 3234 |
|  | 2 | Principles of Remote Sensing (1) | B.E 3235 |
|  | 2 | Sanitary and Environmental Eng. (1) | B.E 3239 |
|  | 2 | Environmental Eng. Chemistry | B.E 3317 |
|  | 2 | English Essay Writing Language | B.E 3109 |
|  | 1 | Leadership and Management Skills | B.E 3111 |
|  | 3 | Soil Mechanics (2) | B.E 3229 | Third Year/ Second Semester |
|  | 2 | Numerical Analysis | B.E 3232 |
|  | 2 | Environmental Protection  | B.E 3320 |
|  | 2 | Principles of Remote Sensing (2) | B.E 3236 |
|  | 2 | Reinforced Concrete Design (2) | B.E 3237 |
|  | 3 | Highway Engineering | B.E 3230 |
|  | 2 | Sanitary and Environmental Eng. (2) | B.E 3240 |
|  | 1 | Water Quality Eng. | B.E 3321 |
|  | 2 | Environmental Eng. Biology | B.E 3318 |
|  | 1 | Environmental Eng. Hydrology | B.E 3319 |
|  | 6 | Steel and Concrete Design | B.E.2401 | Fourth Year |
|  | 6 | Management and Engineering Economy | B.E.2402 |
|  | 5 | Treatment Units (II) | B.E.2403 |
|  | 4 | Treatment of Industrial Wastes | B.E.2404 |
|  | 4 | Environment Protection | B.E.2405 |
|  | 4 | Sanitary Installation in Buildings | B.E.2406 |
|  | 4 | Foundation Engineering | B.E.2407 |
|  | 4 | Computer Applications | B.E.2408 |
|  | 4 | Graduation Project | B.E.2409 |

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| 13. Personal Development Planning |
| None |
| 14. Admission criteria . |
| According to Department criteria  |
| 15. Key sources of information about the programme |
| 1. Building & construction engineering department website:

<http://www.uotechnology.edu.iq/dep-building/index.aspx> 1. Student guidelines book for ministry of higher education & scientific research
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| **Curriculum Skills Map** |
| **please tick in the relevant boxes where individual Programme Learning Outcomes are being assessed** |
| **Programme Learning Outcomes**  |  |
| General and Transferable Skills (or) Other skills relevant to employability and personal development | Thinking Skills | Subject-specific skills | Knowledge andunderstanding | Core (C)Title or Option(O**)** | Course Title | CourseCode | Year / Level |
| **D4** | **D3** | **D2** | **D1** | **C4** | **C3** | **C2** | **C1** | **B4** | **B3** | **B2** | **B1** | **A4** | **A3** | **A2** | **A1** |
| **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** |  |  | **↙** | **↙** | **C** | Engineering Mechanics | B.E.2101 |  |
| **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** |  | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **C** | Mathematics (I) | B.E.2102 |
| **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** |  | **↙** | **↙** | **C** | Building Materials Technology | B.E.2103 |  |
| **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** |  |  |  | **↙** | **C** | Engineering Drawing | B.E.2104 |
| **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** |  | **↙** |  | **↙** | **C** | Engineering Geology | B.E.2105 |  |
| **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** |  | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **C** | Principles of Computers | B.E.2106 |
| **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** |  | **↙** |  | **↙** | **C** | Principles of Environmental Engineering | B.E.2107 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **C** | Human Rights and Public Freedoms | B.E.2108 |
| **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** |  |  |  | **↙** | **C** | English Intro. | B.E.2109 |  |
| **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** |  |  |  | **↙** | **C** | Workshops | B.E.2110 |
| **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** |  |  | **↙** | **↙** | **C** | Strength of Materials | B.E.2201 |  |
| **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** |  | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **C** | Mathematics (II) | B.E.2202 |
| **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** |  | **↙** | **↙** | **C** | Concrete Technology | B.E.2203 |  |
| **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** |  | **↙** | **↙** | **C** | Engineering Surveying | B.E.2204 |  |
| **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** |  | **↙** | **C** | Fluid Mechanics | B.E.2205 |  |
| **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** |  |  | **↙** | **↙** | **C** | Construction of Water and Wastewater Structures | B.E.2206 |  |
| **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** |  |  |  | **↙** | **C** | Computer Programming | B.E.2207 |  |
| **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** |  |  |  | **↙** | **C** | Engineering Statistics | B.E.2208 |  |
| **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** |  | **↙** | **↙** | **C** | Soil Mechanics | B.E.2301 |  |
| **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** |  | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **C** | Engineering Analysis and Numerical Methods | B.E.2302 |  |
| **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** |  | **↙** | **↙** | **C** | Remote Sensing and GIS | B.E.2303 |  |
| **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** |  | **↙** | **C** | Treatment Units (I) | B.E.2304 |  |
| **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** |  | **↙** | **C** | Chemistry of Microbiology of Water | B.E.2305 |  |
| **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** |  | **↙** |  | **↙** | **C** | Hydraulic Structures | B.E.2306 |  |
| **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** |  |  | **↙** | **↙** | **C** | Theory of Structures | B.E.2307 |  |
| **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** |  | **↙** |  | **↙** | **C** | Engineering Hydrology | B.E.2308 |  |
| **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** |  | **↙** |  | **↙** | **C** | Water and Wastewater Networks | B.E.2309 |  |
| **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** |  |  | **↙** | **↙** | **C** | Steel and Concrete Design | B.E.2401 |  |
| **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** |  |  |  |  | **C** | Management and Engineering Economy | B.E.2402 |  |
| **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** |  | **↙** | **C** | Treatment Units (II) | B.E.2403 |  |
| **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** |  | **↙** |  | **↙** | **C** | Treatment of Industrial Wastes | B.E.2404 |  |
| **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** |  | **↙** |  | **↙** | **C** | Environment Protection | B.E.2405 |  |
| **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** |  | **↙** |  | **↙** | **C** | Sanitary Installation in Buildings | B.E.2406 |  |
| **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** |  |  | **↙** | **↙** | **C** | Foundation Engineering | B.E.2407 |  |
| **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** |  | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **C** | Computer Applications | B.E.2408 |  |
| **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **↙** | **C** | Graduation Project | B.E.2409 |  |

**TEMPLATE FOR COURSE SPECIFICATION**

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| HIGHER EDUCATION PERFORMANCE REVIEW: PROGRAMME REVIEW |

 **COURSE SPECIFICATION**

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| This Course Specification provides a concise summary of the main features of the course and the learning outcomes that a typical student might reasonably be expected to achieve and demonstrate if he/she takes full advantage of the learning opportunities that are provided. It should be cross-referenced with the programme specification.  |

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|  | 1. Teaching Institution |
|  | 2. University Department/Centre |
|  | 3. Course title/code |
|  | 4. Programme(s) to which it contributes |
|  | 5. Modes of Attendance offered |
|  | 6. Semester/Year |
|  | 7. Number of hours tuition (total) |
|  | 8. Date of production/revision of this specification  |
| 9. Aims of the Course |
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| 10· Learning Outcomes, Teaching ,Learning and Assessment Methode  |
| 1. Knowledge and Understanding

A1.A2.A3.A4.A5. A6 .  |
|  B. Subject-specific skillsB1.B2.B3. |
|  Teaching and Learning Methods |
|  |
|  Assessment methods  |
|  |
| C. Thinking Skills C1.C2.C3.C4.  |
|  Teaching and Learning Methods  |
|  |
|  Assessment methods |
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| D. General and Transferable Skills (other skills relevant to employability and personal development) D1.D2.D3.D4.  |

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| 11. Course Structure |
| Assessment Method | TeachingMethod | Unit/Module or Topic Title | ILOs | Hours | Week |
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| 12. Infrastructure |
|  | Required reading:· CORE TEXTS· COURSE MATERIALS· OTHER |
|  | Special requirements (include for example workshops, periodicals, IT software, websites) |
|  | Community-based facilities(include for example, guestLectures , internship , field studies) |

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| 13. Admissions |
|  | Pre-requisites |
|  | Minimum number of students |
|  | Maximum number of students |

**TEMPLATE FOR TYPICAL SITE VISIT CHEDULE**

1. The typical site visit schedule is designed for two or three days. It includes pre-arranged meetings. The responsibility for arranging these meetings and fitting the template to the circumstances rests with the Universities Quality Assurance and University Performance departments

2. Site visits will normally commence at 09:00 on day 1. Start times of pre-arranged meetings are indicated. Pre-arranged meetings should not normally last more than one hour. The schedule should not completely fill all times with meetings, but leave space for additional activities by peer reviewers including preparing for meetings, updating notes and records and drafting paragraphs for the draft Programme Review report

Table (1)

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Activity** | **Time** | **Session** |
|  | **Day** **1**  |
| Welcome and introductions; brief introduction to the review (purposes, intended outcomes, use of evidence and self-evaluation report) – Programme Team | 09:00 | 1 |
| Curriculum; discussion with faculty members  | 09:30 | 2 |
| Meeting with a group of students | 11:00 | 3 |
| Efficiency: tour of resources | 12:30 | 4 |
| Review panel meeting: scrutiny of additional documentation including sample of students’ assessed work | 14:00 | 5 |
| Efficiency: meeting with faculty members | 15:00 | 6 |
| Review panel meeting: review of the evidence and any gaps or matters to follow-up | 16:00 | 7 |
| Meeting with external stakeholders (sample of graduates, employers, other partners) | 17:00 | 8 |
|  | **Day** **2** |
| Review meeting with review chairperson, review coordinator, programme leader: summary of day 1 findings, addressing any gaps, adjust the schedule for day 2 if required | 08:45 | 9 |
| Academic standards: meeting with faculty members | 09:00 | 10 |
| Effectiveness of quality management and assurance: meeting with faculty members | 10:30 | 11 |
| Review panel meeting: review of evidence and any matters still to be addressed | 12:00 | 12 |
| Flexible time to pursue any matters arising | 14:00 | 13 |
| Review panel final meeting: decisions on outcomes and drafting oral feedback | 14:30 | 14 |
| Oral feedback by review chairperson to review coordinator and faculty members | 16:30 | 15 |
| Close | 17:00 |  |

 **TEMPLATE FOR THE FOLLOW-UP PROCESS**

**AND REPORT, AND OUTLINE OF TYPICAL SITE VISIT SCHED-**

 **ULE FOR FOLLOW-UP**

 **TEMPLATE FOR FOLLOW-UP REPORT**

Quality Assurance and Academic Accreditation Directorate / International Accreditation Department.

Institution:

Faculty:

Programme:

Follow-up Report

1. This report presents the findings of the follow-up visit, which took place on / /20\_\_. This is part of the Universities Quality Assurance and University Performance departments arrangements to provide continuing support for the development of internal quality assurance processes and continuing improvement

2. The purposes of the follow-up review are to assess the progress made in the programme since the Programme Review report, and to provide further information and support for the continuing improvement of academic standards and quality of higher education in Iraq.

3. The evidence base used in this follow-up review and report includes:

1. Self-Evaluation Report for the programme together with supporting information
2. Improvement plan prepared and implemented since the Programme Review report
3. Programme Review Report
4. Higher Education Quality Review Report and institutional strategic plan (if any)
5. Additional evidence presented during the follow-up visit.

4. The overall conclusions reached as the outcome of the follow-up review are as follows:

1. The programme (give title) at (give name of institution) has/has not successfully

implemented an improvement plan.

1. Good practice in the indicators demonstrated since the Programme Review site visit includes: (insert)
2. Matters of particular importance that should be addressed by the institution in its

continuing improvement of the programme are: (insert and indicate if they are, or as yet are not, addressed by the improvement plan).

 5. The detailed report is provided in Annexure A below.

 Annexure A

Name of Institution\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Date of initial Programme Review site visit\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Date visited in follow-up \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Date of follow-up report \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Names of follow-up reviewers Position/title Signed

|  |
| --- |
| **Part 1: The Internal Quality Assurance System in operation** |
| **Further action required?** | **Comment** | **Yes?****(√)** | **Questions** |  |
|  |  |  | Is the programme Self- EvaluationReport complete? | 1 |
|  |  |  | Do the most recent self-evaluationreports indicate the extent to which the criteria in the Framework for Evaluation are met and/or are being addressed? | 2 |
|  |  |  |  Is there an improvement plan in place, informed by external and internal review? | 3 |
|  |  |  |  Are there any major gaps that appear not to be addressed? | 4 |
|  |  |  |  Is progress with the improvement plan monitored? | 5 |
|  |  |  |  Are there any major obstacles to the expected achievementof the improvement plan? | 6 |
|  |  |  | What is the institution’s estimate of the time needed to complete improvements to the programme? | 7 |
|  |  |  |  What is the reviewers’ assessment of the time needed to complete improvements to the programme that would demonstrate the indicators? | 8 |

|  |
| --- |
| **Part 2: Progress demonstrated with the indicators** |
| OverallConclusion | New information fromfollow-up site visit | Improvement planpoints (commenton match withthe ProgrammeReview report’srecommendations) | Indicators (refer toFramework of Evaluation) |
|  |  |  | CurriculumAims and ILOsSyllabus (content)Progression year on yearTeaching and LearningStudent assessment |
|  |  |  | EfficiencyProfile of admittedstudentsHuman resourcesPhysical resourcesUses made of availableresourcesStudent supportRatios of graduation toadmitted students |
|  |  |  | Academic StandardsClearly articulatedstandardsUse of appropriatebenchmarksAchievement of graduatesStandards of students’assessed work |
|  |  |  | Programme managementand AssuranceArrangements forprogramme managementPolicies and proceduresappliedStructured commentscollected and usedStaff development needsidentified and addressedImprovement planningprocesses working |

**CRITERIA FOR A SUCCESSFUL REVIEW AND EVALUATION OF THE PROCESS**

 **CRITERIA FOR A SUCCESSFUL REVIEW**

1. The criteria for a successful review that informs the arrangements for Programme Review and its evaluation are as follows:

1. The programme being reviewed is supported by existing or developing internal systems including specifications and review with a culture of self-evaluation and continuing improvement. These features of internal review provide a sound basis for the external review.
2. The timing of the external review is appropriate.
3. The profile of the visiting peer review panel matches in broad terms the profile of the academic activities in the institution.
4. There is due attention to detail in planning and preparation, by -
	1. The Quality Assurance and Academic Accreditation Directorate applies consistently its procedures for working with the institution and the reviewers and provides appropriate support for the external review as required
	2. The review coordinator: ensures that the evidence base generated by internal review and reporting systems is available on time to the visiting peer reviewers, and any requirements for clarification and supplementary information are satisfied
	3. The institution: provides a self-evaluation report for the programme to be externally reviewed
	4. The peer reviewers: undertake their preparation for the visit including reading the advance documentation and preparing initial commentaries that inform the conduct of the visit
5. There is consistency in the application of the published review method and the protocols by all participants in a way that respects and supports the mission and philosophy of the overall process for continuing review and continuing improvement.
6. Reviewers and representatives of the institution conduct an open dialogue throughout the review that shows mutual respect.
7. The judgements reached by the reviewers are clear, based on the evidence available and systematically recorded.
8. The review report is produced on time in line with the standard report structure and is confirmed by the institution to be factually accurate.
9. The set of conclusions arising from the review are constructive, offering a fair and balanced view of the programme.
10. The institution is able to benefit from the external review by giving due reflection and consideration to the findings and preparing where appropriate a realistic improvement plan

**EVALUATION**

2. The Quality Assurance and Academic Accreditation Directorate wishes to establish and implement procedures for the systematic evaluation of all external Programme Reviews arranged by it. The institution, the review chairperson and the peer reviewers will all routinely be asked to evaluate each external review by completing a short questionnaire. The structured comments will be analysed by the Quality Assurance and Academic Accreditation Directorate and where necessary the Quality Assurance and Academic Accreditation Directorate will take action to follow-up any difficulties highlighted. In addition, the Quality Assurance and Academic Accreditation Directorate will collate the structured comments to compile regular summary reports indicating the main features of the review process in practice, including the overall levels of satisfaction expressed by the participants, together with examples of good practice and opportunities for continuing improvement.

 **GLOSSARY OF TERMS IN PROGRAMME RE-**

**VIEW**

**DEFINITIONS OF TERMS USED IN THE PROGRAMME REVIEW HANDBOOK**

Some of the terms used in the Handbook and/or used in internal and external review and reporting may have different meanings according to the context in which they are used. To remove possible ambiguities, the following working definitions of the terms are offered.

**ADEMIC FIELDS/SUBJECT AREAS/DISCIPLINES**

Academic fields categorise recognisable and coherent domains or the scope of study such as Mathematics, Medicine, Engineering and Philosophy. Fields that have a wide scope are often subdivided; for example, Humanities include subjects like History and Literature and Arts may include separate disciplines of Fine Arts and Photography. The curriculum of some programmes may combine academic fields, or may include different subjects and disciplines such as Mathematics in Engineering or Accountancy in Business Administration.

**ACADEMIC STANDARDS**

Specific standards decided by the institution, and informed by external reference points. They include the minimum or threshold level of knowledge and skills to be gained by the graduates from the programme, and can be used in evaluation and review.

**ACCREDITATION**

The recognition accorded by an agency or other organisation to either an education programme or to an institution to confirm that it can demonstrate that the programme(s) meet acceptable standards and that the institution has effective systems to ensure the quality and continuing improvement of its academic activities, according to published criteria.

**ACTION OR IMPROVEMENT PLANS**

Realistic plans for improvement derived from the consideration of available evidence and evaluations; they may be implemented for more than one year, but should be prepared and reviewed annually at each level of courses, programmes and the institution.

**ADMITTED STUDENTS**

Students registered on a programme, including those accepted holding prior credits for admission after year 1.

**BENCHMARK/REFERENCE POINTS**

Benchmark statements represent general expectations about the standards of achievement and general attributes to be expected of a graduate in a given academic field or subject. Reference standards may be external or internal. External reference points allow comparison of the academic standards and quality of a programme with equivalent programmes in Iraq and internationally. Internal reference points may be used to compare one academic field with another, or to identify trends over a given time period.

**COMMUNITY**

A defined segment of wider society served by the institution, as determined in its mission and bylaws. It may be defined geographically or in terms of the range of organizations, groups and individuals engaged in its activities.

**COURSE AIMS**

Overall course aims should be expressed as the outcomes to be achieved by students completing the course as significant and assessable qualities. They should contribute to the achievement of defined aims within one or more education programmes.

**CURRICULUM OR (IN THE PLURAL) CURRICULA**

The complete organised learning as designed and managed by an institution for an admitted student, determined by the intended learning outcomes (ILOs) and comprising the content, the arrangements for teaching and learning and assessments of students’ achievements together with the access to the range of facilities available within the University and, by arrangement, outside it, including libraries, computers studies, social, sports, internships and field studies.

**DIRECTED SELF-LEARNING/INDEPENDENT LEARNING**

The active promotion of personal skills included in the curriculum that support the student and graduate to seek, assimilate and learn from a range of structured and unstructured experiences. Methods of promotion include e-learning, personal and autonomous learning and fieldwork, assignments, internships, and reflexive learning. Devices commonly used that support directed self-learning beyond formal teaching lectures include logbooks, self-assessment reports, interactive learning tools or the equivalent.

**E-LEARNING**

Electronic-based learning using information technology may be the primary or secondary element in material associated with a programme or a course. It may be stand-alone or integrated with other teaching and learning approaches. It may include self-determination

of aims, ILOs and materials using self-selection and will usually include self-assessment. It generally increases the levels of autonomy in, and responsibility for, learning. Converting existing texts or lecture notes to a website or pre-recorded media alone is generally not considered to be e-learning.

**EXTERNAL EVALUATOR/EVALUATION**

An appointment to a specific programme, part of a programme or course(s) by the institution to establish an independent and external professional opinion on the academic standards set and achieved in the examinations for the award of the degree.

**FRAMEWORK FOR EVALUATION**

The framework for evaluation provides a standard structure for evaluation of programmes. It will form the basis for self-evaluation, the site visit by external peer reviewers and the Programme Review report. It is designed to operate in all academic fields and institutions, and to apply to internal and external reviews.

**GENERAL PRECEPTS/BY-LAWS**

Principles, by-laws and regulations, which the educational institution must have as part of the policies covering its operations.

**HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTE (HEI)/INSTITUTION**

A Faculty, College or University providing higher education programmes leading to a first university degree (B.Sc. or B.A.) or a higher degree.

**INTENDED LEARNING OUTCOMES (ILOS)**

The ILOs are the outcome-related definition of knowledge, understanding and skills which

the institution intends for its programmes. They should be mission-related, capable of measurement (assessable) and reflect the use of external reference standards at appropriate

level.

**INTERNAL SYSTEM FOR QUALITY MANAGEMENT AND ASSURANCE**

The system adopted by the institution to ensure that its education programmes and contributing elements meet specified needs and are continually reviewed and improved. An outcomes-related system of quality management involves precise specifications for quality from design to delivery; evaluation; the identification of good practice as well as of learning deficiencies and obstacles; performance follow-up; suggestions for development and enhancement; and the systematic review and development of processes for establishing effective policies, strategies and priorities to support continuing improvement.

**JOB/LABOUR MARKET**

The availability of professional, commercial, research-oriented or other fields of employment that a graduate is qualified to join upon graduation.

**MISSION STATEMENT**

A brief statement clearly identifying the educational institution’s duty and its role in the development of the community; a mission statement may also offer brief supporting statements on the vision, values and strategic objectives of the institution.

**PEER REVIEWER**

A person who is professionally equal in calibre and with management and/or subject expertise to those delivering the provision, but not from the same institution and without any conflict of interest, who can contribute to the review of an education programme for internal and external quality assurance or for accreditation purposes.

**PROGRAMME**

For the purpose of Programme Review an education programme is defined as one which admits students who, on successful completion, receive an academic award.

**PROGRAMME AIMS**

The broad purposes for providing the programme which in turn guide the development and

implementation of strategic objectives (to ensure that the aims are met) and ILOs (to ensure that the students work towards attaining the specified outcomes).

**PROGRAMME REVIEW**

Programme Review applies to all education programmes in all higher education institutions.

Where the programme is studied in more than one institution, the whole programme is included in Programme Review. Programme Review in Iraq has three objectives:

1. To provide decision-makers (in the higher education institutions, Quality Assurance and Academic Accreditation Directorate , parents, students, and other stakeholders) with evidence-based judgements on the quality of learning programmes
2. To support the development of internal quality assurance processes with information on emerging good practice and challenges, evaluative comment and continuing improvement
3. To enhance the reputation of Iraq’s higher education internationally.

**QUALITY ASSURANCE**

The institution has the means of assuring that for each education programme, academic standards are defined and achieved in line with equivalent national and international standards, that the quality of the curriculum and related infrastructure are appropriate and fulfil the expectations of the range of stakeholders, that its graduates represent the range of attributes specified and that the organisation is capable of sustained, continuing improvement.

**REVIEW COORDINATOR**

The nominee of an institution to coordinate a Programme Review to assist in the gathering and interpretation of information and to support the application of published methods of review.

**REPORT**

The regular reports prepared on the basis of Programme Reviews and evaluations of its education programme.

**SELF-EVALUATION**

n institution’s process of evaluating a programme as part of Programme Review and within an internal system of quality management and assurance.

**SITE VISIT**

A scheduled visit by external peer reviewers as part of Programme Review. Normally the site visit will be for two or three days. A typical outline timetable is provided in Appendix(1).

**SPECIFICATION**

The detailed description of the aims, construction and intended outcomes of a programme, and any courses, specific facilities or resources that contribute to it. The specification provides information to design, manage, deliver and review the programme.

**STAKEHOLDER**

Those organisations, groups or individuals which have a legitimate interest in the educational activities of the institution both in respect of the quality and standards of the education and also in respect of the effectiveness of the systems and processes for assuring the quality. An effective strategic review process will include the key stakeholder groups. The precise range of stakeholder groups and their differentiated interests depend upon the mission of the institution, its range of educational activities and local circumstances. The range is usually defined by a scoping study. Examples of groups with a legitimate interest include current students, graduates, intending students and their parents or family, staff in the institution, the employing community, the relevant Government ministries, the sponsors and other funding organisations and, where appropriate, professional organisations or syndicates.

**STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES/PLANS**

A collection of institution-specific objectives that are derived from its mission and developed into a realistic plan based on evidence-based evaluations. Objectives concentrate on the means by which an institution seeks to deliver its mission. The plan sets out the matters to be addressed, timeframe, person responsible and estimate of costs, and is accompanied by an implementation plan with arrangements for monitoring the progress and evaluating impact.

**STUDENTS’ASSESSMENT**

A set of processes, including examinations and other activities conducted by the institution to measure the achievement of the intended learning outcomes of a programme and its courses. Assessments also provide the means by which students are ranked according to their achievement. Diagnostic assessment seeks to determine the existing range of knowledge and skills of a student with a view to constructing an appropriate curriculum. Formative assessment provides information on the student’s performance and progress to support further learning, without necessarily counting a grade towards graduation. Summative assessment determines the final level of attainment of the student on the programme or at the end of a course that contributes credits to the programme.

**STUDENTS’ EVALUATIONS**

The systematic gathering of students’opinions on the quality of their programme in a standardized structure together with the analysis and outcomes. Surveys using questionnaires are the most frequently used methods to collect opinions; other mechanisms include websites conferences, panels or focus groups, and representation on councils or other committees.

**TEACHING AND LEARNING METHODS**

The range of methods used by teachers to help students to achieve the ILOs for the course.

Examples include: lectures, small group teaching such as tutorials, seminars and syndicate groups; a case study to teach students how to analyse information and reach a decision; assignments such as writing a review paper for the students to gain the skills of self-learning and presentation; field trips; practical sessions for the students to gain practical skills; and carrying out experiments to train the students to analyse the results, reach specific conclusions and prepare a report, presentation or poster.